

The Anaconda Standard.

VOL. II.—NO. 295.

ANACONDA, MONTANA. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1921.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CASH CLOTHING CONCERN

45 East Park St., Butte.

Cut on Suits.

This week we are going to play thunder in the prices of the clothing trade in this city. We have taken all of our lines we formerly sold at \$15 and \$18 and have marked them down to the ridiculously low price of

\$10.90

This is a bargain and certainly should not be overlooked. These are all new, bright goods of the very latest cut and patterns. They also comprise heavy, light and medium weights and dark and light colors. We have a full line in our East window and on the rack in front of our store and we will guarantee you that if you take a look at them the result will be satisfactory.

CUT ON FURNISHINGS.

We do nothing by halves and when we start a cut it includes every line that we have in the store. For example, take a look at our Underwear. Here we shine and show lines that knock the spots out of every other house in town. To use a slang expression "we are strictly in it."

See here what we offer. For 50 cents we offer you a suit of Underwear sold by every other house at \$1. To be sure it is not all wool but it is good value and cheap. For 75 cents we have Jersey fitting gray mixed goods that are worth double the money. For \$1 we offer fine fancy Balbriggans that sold last year for \$2.50; and for \$1.50 we can give you a line of mixed goods in plain colors that are the best value in town.

Remember we guarantee prices in every instance, and if you are out of town will send the goods to you C. O. D. with the privilege of examination.

STRICTLY CASH.

CASH CLOTHING CONCERN

45 East Park St., Butte.

GARDEN CITY EVENTS

A Site Selected for the Proposed Masonic Temple.

AMONG THE WORKINGMEN

Arrangements for a Grand Demonstration on the Fourth—Missoula's Bright Outlook—Personal and Other Mention.

Special to the Standard.

MISSOULA, June 28.—The Masons held a regular communication last night and adopted the recommendations of the committee on the temple, mentioned in this morning's STANDARD. In other words, they accept the generous gift of Hon. Frank G. Higgins of two and a half lots on the southeast corner of Higgins avenue and Spruce street. That is one of the finest sites that could be selected for a temple. It is but three blocks from Front street and adjacent to one of the best residence portions of the city. It is altogether probable that the electric street car lines, when constructed, will pass by it and make it very convenient for those who desire to attend theaters, and it is situated in an excellent neighborhood for those who will attend balls there. The building when completed will cost from \$70,000 to \$80,000, and will contain, besides the lodge rooms, opera house and ball room, rooms where a restaurant can be conducted, at which the attending balls and plays can get refreshments. The erection of the building, which will be begun very shortly, will be a wonderful addition to the city, as the present opera house is unworthy the name and Missoula society has entirely outgrown the E. of P. hall where balls have been accustomed to be given. Its erection, too, will add another to the list of elegant buildings which grace Higgins avenue. The Masons last night elected as trustees, who will have charge of the erection of the temple: Frank H. Woolly, Frank G. Higgins, Miles Mix, O. E. Peppard and J. H. Kennedy. They will incorporate tomorrow and the property will be deeded to them. They will exchange part of it for adjacent property belonging to G. A. Wolf, and in that way get a lot of the shape desired. When these preliminaries have been attended to, ground will be broken, and before snow flies the beautiful temple will stand as another ornament and convenience to the city.

GARDEN CITY WORKINGMEN.

An Important Meeting—Fourth of July Celebration.

Special to the Standard.

MISSOULA, June 28.—The Missoula Workingmen's union held an important meeting last night. The resignation of Fred J. Taylor was reluctantly accepted and Joseph A. Roof, the well known electrician, was selected as his successor. It was only because Mr. Taylor insisted upon it that the union accepted his resignation, as the members fully appreciate the valuable services that he has rendered by reason of his conservatism and long experience with labor organizations. Further preparations were made for the Fourth of July celebration. Fred J. Taylor was appointed marshal of the day, and he will appoint two aids. A committee on line of march consisting of Charles Myers, J. A. Frid and W. S. Lair was also appointed.

The organizations so far heard from who will take part in the parade, or be represented by delegations, are Company I, N. G. M., the Missoula Typographical union, the local lodges of the International Association of Machinists, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, and a number of the Farmers' alliances of the county. The Workingmen's union will probably have more men in line than any other organization except, perhaps, the Farmers' alliance. After the parade the unions and the public will be addressed by Attorney H. C. Stiff, Judge George W. Reeves and others. In the evening a ball will be given under the auspices of the Workingmen's union, which will last till midnight. It is expected that a large number of business houses will have floats in the parade. Invitations are being sent to all labor organizations in the state to attend the various exercises of the Fourth. Altogether the day promises to be as well celebrated as ever in the past, and the demonstration of organized labor by far the largest ever seen here.

MISSOULA'S PROSPECTS.

Development of Her Resources—Opening of New Territory.

Special to the Standard.

MISSOULA, June 28.—Just such reports are heard from nearly every part of Missoula county. Men were right who said last year that the county had never been scratched over by prospectors. A year ago three or four mines were the subject of some comment; now mining is considered one of the chief industries of the county. From up the Butte Road and down the Missoula, from the main line of the Northern Pacific west and the Kootenai country and from Camas Prairie come good tidings to those who are interested in mining, and indirectly to the entire population. The stampede into the Flathead and Kootenai countries and the increased activity in Spring Gulch and thereabouts have made Missoula county quite different from what it was last year. With the opening of the Frenchtown branch through to the Coeur d'Alene country, the building of the Missoula & Northern, and this activity in mining throughout the country, Missoula will certainly soon feel a change. People complain that it is dull and still it is not capable that very few of them seek to try their fortunes elsewhere, and most of those who do so are glad to get back as soon as possible. But few cities in the west are favored with such vast and diversified resources. With fertile agricultural land, an immense amount of timber, copper, lead, silver, gold, coal, freestone, lime and building stone near at hand and the districts in which they are found all tributary to Missoula, what more can we ask?

MONTT'S MISSION.

The Embassy of the Chilean Constitutional Party at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Pedro Montt, who is on a mission to this country from the constitutional party in Chile, has been informed by Senator Errazuriz, minister of foreign affairs of that party at Iquique, that the committee of the government has appointed Louis Peireiro its confidential agent at Buenos Ayres. This is a relative position to that filled by Montt in the United States. Montt still declines to say anything with respect to his mission, but to an Associated Press representative to-night he said an official dispatch from Iquique contained a denial of the truth of the reports from Santiago coming by way of London, to the effect the revolt is making no progress; that provisions are scarce and the army discouraged. Montt said the fact that the occupation of the Lobs islands by the Esmeralda is itself proof that the revolt is making progress. Provisions are not scarce, he says, and the army being composed of volunteers, is not discontented, nor is the pay of the soldiers in arrears.

ENTHUSIASTIC WORKERS.

Granite Citizens Determined to Celebrate the Fourth.

Special to the Standard.

GRANITE, June 28.—Six hundred dollars was raised here today for the purpose of having a grand Fourth of July celebration. The money has not yet been divided up, but it will be tomorrow, when the Granite people start out to do anything they usually do the "whole hog or none" and, although rather late, they propose to make the eagle scream in good shape. It was reported here today that Page, the great driller, would be barred out of the drilling contest at Philipsburg, but this is not true, and Mr. Page or anybody else can drill, and the man drilling the deepest hole will get the stuff.

Sheriff James T. Quigley and wife visited the hill today.

John Magnus has made definite arrangements with the Miners' union here for their hall, and also with G. W. Morse of Philipsburg for the Morse hall, and will hereafter book his many attractions at both towns.

A WIDOW IN THE CASE.

The Shooting of Larbig by a Son of General Meserole.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Darwin Meserole, son of General Meserole, who last night shot and killed Theo Larbig, today was committed to the Raymond street jail. Mrs. Comstock, in whose house the shooting occurred, was also committed as a witness. Larbig was a traveling salesman from Providence, R. I., where he left a wife and family, and when in this city lived with Mrs. Comstock, who is a widow, in a flat which he had fitted up for her. Young Meserole recently rented part of the flat from Mrs. Comstock. Yesterday he took her to Coney Island, where they met Larbig. On returning home Larbig began to abuse Mrs. Comstock, who ran to Meserole for protection. A general fight ensued, which ended by Meserole shooting Larbig dead.

FOR THE BEHRING SEA.

Way Ships and Poaching Vessels Sail for the Sea Islands.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 28.—Her majesty's ship Nibobe, Commander Turner, arrived this morning and will go direct to Nanaimo. There she will meet the United States steamer Mohican, in whose company she will proceed to the Behring sea. It is reported her majesty's ship Alert will also make the Behring sea in company, leaving here Tuesday. During the past week both the Mascot and Otto, two Victoria schooners, have been quietly fitting out for sealing, and both last night sailed for the Behring sea. Their captains, not receiving an official notice of suspension of sealing, will take chances of securing their share of seal skins before falling in with the war ships.

JAMES K. PARDEE ILL.

The Well-Known Mining Man at the Point of Death in Helena.

Special to the Standard.

PHILIPSBURG, June 28.—Much concern was manifested here today upon hearing of the almost fatal illness of James K. Pardee at Helena last night. His wife and son left Philipsburg by special train for Helena some time this afternoon, and Superintendent Welch of the East Granite will go over in the morning.

Division of Traffic.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Some of the lines in the Western Traffic association seem determined to enforce the section of the president's agreement which provides for a division of traffic. As the result of the applications that was made for an equalization of tonnage, Chairman Smith of the Trans-Missouri division ordered the Atchison road to divert to the Rock Island \$20,000 pounds of salt from Hutchinson, Kan., and the Missouri Pacific to divert 1,570,000 pounds to the Rock Island. The Atchison has applied for a division of bullion at Pueblo and the Rock Island for a division of bullion at Denver.

Added to the Free List.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—McClain, United States consul at Nassau, West Indies, reports that the following articles have been added to the free list of importations into that colony: Tallow, resin, caustic soda, potash, palm oil, crude petroleum and metal roofing. On all kerosene oil used as fuel in the working of steam engines a drawback of 90 per cent. will be allowed on proof of such consumption.

A Bandit's Fate.

HAYANA, June 28.—The famous bandit, Arturo Garcia, has been found dead near Arimunda. Numerous bullet and knife wounds were found on the body, but it is not known who killed him.

A False Report.

KANSAS CITY, June 28.—A dispatch from the Associated Press correspondent at Guthrie, Oklahoma, a few miles from the Sac and Fox agency, says there is no truth in the report that the Dalton gang last night attacked the agency and made away with a large amount of booty.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED

A Frightful Fight Between Negroes and Whites.

THE MILITIA CALLED OUT

Newcastle Coal Mines the Scene of Battle—Other Serious Trouble Expected—Armed Strikers.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 28.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Franklin says that strikers, angered at the action of the Oregon Improvement company in taking negroes to the Newcastle coal mines, started to clean out the negro camp tonight. In the scrimmage four persons were killed. A deputy sheriff, who has been at the scene for the past four weeks, called for the militia, and two companies left to-night on a special train.

The threat of the Oregon Improvement company to place negroes in its mines at Newcastle, in place of striking white men, was carried out this morning. The company sent a special train to Newcastle with 80 negroes from its Franklin mine. The strikers were all asleep when the negroes arrived and off their guard. At Gilman the strikers are maintaining armed organizations and drill daily. The Seattle Coal and Supply company will undoubtedly take in a force of men in a few days and start up the mines. Serious trouble seems almost inevitable.

THE CARDINAL'S VIEWS.

Gibbons' Opinion of the Lucerne Memorial to the Holy See.

BALTIMORE, June 28.—Cardinal Gibbons returned this afternoon from Washington, where he officiated at the dedication of St. Mary's church. The cardinal took occasion to refute the statements made to the holy see that the spiritual condition and deeds of the foreign speaking Catholics in the United States was not properly provided for. He said in part: "I venture to say that the hierarchy of no country in the world are paying more attention to the spiritual wants of foreign-born Catholic people than are the prelates of the United States. They are earnestly endeavoring to have the gospel preached to them in their native tongue during the transition period which occurs before they are absorbed into the great English speaking world around them. Paris has a large colony of German and English speaking Catholics. Vienna and Berlin also large populations of French and English and other nationalities. The city of Rio in Brazil contains also a large population of Catholics which do not speak Portuguese, the language of the country, and yet in these great centers, if I am correctly informed, little or no provision is made for foreign Catholic population. With these facts before us we cannot view without astonishment and indignation the number of self constituted and officious gentlemen in Europe complaining of alleged inattention which is paid to the spiritual wants of the foreign population, and to the means of redress which they have thought proper to submit to the Holy See."

World's Student Conference.

NORTHFIELD, Mass., June 28.—There were three sessions in the world's student conference held today. At the morning session in the village church, Rev. John Smith of Edinburgh preached, Prof. R. E. Thompson of the University of Pennsylvania followed with a discourse on the calling of the apostles. At 4 o'clock in Stone hall, President-elect Harper of the Chicago university, recently often attacked because of his liberal position, related his personal experience and drew therefrom the duties of Christian college students. At the evening services the same speaker gave a historical analysis of the Bible.

A Bottled Water Boom.

LONDON, June 28.—The Rome correspondent of the Times says the commission appointed to inquire into the prevalence of typhoid fever in the city of Florence has condemned all existing supplies of water in Florence, and recommended that all visitors should only drink bottled water if they do not desire to contract typhoid fever.

Over a Face Ball Game.

CHICAGO, June 28.—In a quarrel over base ball Frank Forst, aged 16, this evening fired his revolver three times, Joseph Serof, Louis Franek and Thomas Lieben each receiving a bullet. Serof was hit in the breast and will probably die. Franek's wound is in the forearm and Lieben's in the wrist. Forst was arrested.

Rudin's Desire.

LONDON, June 28.—The Rome correspondent of the Times learns on the best authority that Premier Rudini desired to secede from the dreibund, but on finding England in great sympathy with the alliance he declined to insist Italy by refusing to renew the treaty.

Foul Play Suspected.

NEW YORK, June 28.—A young Englishman named Charles Warner, who arrived here on the 23rd from Devonshire, England, is missing. He is known to have had \$10,000 in his possession, and foul play is suspected.

Boiling Miss Barnett.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 28.—The old ferry rolling mills of the Diamond Stake company burned tonight, and some adjoining property was damaged. The loss is estimated at \$50,000; about half insured.

Another London Scandal.

LONDON, June 28.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Edward Deoban, M. P., who is charged with immoral practices.

A Night Shock.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 3 o'clock this morning; no damage reported.

A Coffee Mill Burned.

BALTIMORE, June 28.—The coffee mill of E. Levinger & Co., of Chase's wharf burned tonight; loss \$110,000.

A STORMY SCENE.

Almost a Fight in the Italian Chamber of Deputies.

ROME, June 28.—There was another scene of wild disorder in the chamber of deputies when the foreign policy of the government came up for consideration. After a few preliminary skirmishes Admiral Brin, ex-minister of marine, who was speaking yesterday when the sitting had been suspended on account of the tumult in the chamber, rose to proceed with the foreign interpellation, but he was met with such a storm of radical protests that he was only able to repeat the text of the interpellation. Premier Rudini then arose and declared in emphatic terms that the government would adhere firmly and steadily to the dreibund, adding Italy and Europe might rest assured these alliances would be maintained and European peace would long be preserved. With this the whole house, with the exception of the extreme left, rose and cheered heartily. After further bickerings, some deprecatory allusions made by Martino excited the anger of the radicals, who sprang from their seats, gesticulating violently and drowning the voice of the speaker with their shouts. Cavalletti made a rush at Martino and would have struck him but for the interference of friends, who parted the two men. Every member stood shouting, disputing and menacing in the wildest manner. Finally the president, finding himself unable to pacify the members, abruptly suspended the sitting. When the sitting was resumed Cavalletti, Signor Bovio and the president of the chamber appealed for concord and all three were enthusiastically applauded by the house. Finally parliament was prorogued for the summer. The Opinion says Rudini's statement in the deputies today is interpreted to mean that a renewal of the dreibund is an accomplished fact.

In the midst of the confusion Signor Sonning turned a bundle of papers in Signor Cavalletti's face, and the latter rushed to attack Sonning, when friend intervened. A general scuffle then took place and only the ministers remained in their seats, the whole house seeming to be transformed into an arena crowded with combatants. In the scuffle several deputies were more or less badly injured. Today's scene is unprecedented in the history of the chamber of deputies.

WORLD'S FAIR MATTERS.

British Honduras and Guatemala Will Be Represented.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Captain Cotton, special commissioner of the World's Columbian exposition to Central America, reports that the government of British Honduras has accepted the invitation to participate in the World's Columbian exposition and has appointed commissioners to look after the exhibit. The first acts of the new ministry which was recently appointed in Guatemala, was the issue of a decree concerning representation of that country at the Chicago exposition. The Diario, official of June 5, which arrived on the last steamer, contains this decree issued from the executive palace:

WHEREAS, in order that the nation should properly respond to an invitation to participate in the Chicago Columbian exposition, and show to the world its resources and elements of prosperity of this peaceful contest, it is necessary that Guatemala be represented; therefore it is decreed that the republic of Guatemala take part in the exposition at Chicago in 1893. That products and articles destined for that exhibition may be acquired by paying their value out of the public treasury, and be carried to their destination on account of the government and without any taxes being levied thereon by officials of the republic.

The minister of progress will take charge of the execution of this decree, taking the necessary steps, appropriating the necessary sum, and organizing commissions to carry it out. A report was received today from Tisdell, commissioner of the Latin-American department of the World's Columbian exposition, who is now at Quito, confirming the cablegram announcing the acceptance of the invitation to participate in the exposition by Ecuador, and says the government will erect its own buildings at Chicago.

A MAMMOTH FARM.

A Company Formed to Cultivate Rich Florida Land.

NEW YORK, June 28.—A company composed of New York and Southern capitalists has just been organized with a capital of \$1,000,000 for the cultivation of a farm of 112,000 acres in Florida. This will be the largest in the world, and it is stated enough could be raised to supply the city of New York with food. The name of the company is the San Sebastian Land Improvement, Sugar and Investment company. The farm lies between the Indian, San Sebastian and St. Johns rivers. The farm has much soil similar to that in the valley of the Nile. The company does not propose to raise cereals, garden stuff, but sugar cane and coconuts, especially coconuts. This will be in the nature of an experiment, as coconuts are not indigenous to Florida.

A LUCKY CASTLE WOMAN.

She Inherits \$200,000 From a Deceased Relative in England.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., June 28.—Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Vannetta, of New Castle, are to be enriched to the extent of \$200,000. Mr. Vannetta is a hard-working man, and has lived here for a number of years. Mrs. Vannetta is English by birth, her maiden name being Woods. By the death of a relative in England she has fallen heir to a valuable property, the aggregate value of which is about \$200,000.

The relative, whose name was Woods, died some years ago, leaving her possessions to be divided between her legal heirs. Mrs. Vannetta has a brother who is a promising young lawyer in Ohio. He heard of the death of his relative and immediately began legal proceedings, and as a result secured the amount of \$200,000 and the same to his sister.

Died in Liberia.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Word has been received at Muscatine, Iowa, announcing the death of Alexander Clark, of that city, American minister to Liberia. He died at Monrovia, the Liberian capital, June 3. Clark, who was a colored man, was 65 years of age.

CABLED FROM PARIS

American Women Guests at Madame Carnot's Reception.

A DISSIPATED NOBLEMAN

Gossip at the French Capital—France's Convention With Russia—A Criticism on the McKinley Tariff Bill.

PARIS, June 28.—Under prompting from Cardinal Richard, other leaders of the episcopacy in France have united in opposition to Cardinal Laviege's policy in support of the republic, and a new party is forming called Union De La France Chretienne. The organizing committee includes the principal conservative senators and deputies. The composition of the union is distinctly monarchist, but in the meantime legislative action will be limited to the demand for alteration of scholastic laws affecting religious teaching and to the abolition of military law involving a period of service for clerical novitiates. The committee aims to embrace Protestants within the union, although the prevailing spirit is Catholic.

Rebot, minister of foreign affairs, has obtained the assurance that the czar and family will assist the French squadron August 3, and the czarowitch on his return from Siberia will also visit the fleet. French officers will be invited to a gala reception at Pettrhoff, while a select number will be received at St. Petersburg, and another contingent will be feted at Moscow; in short, everything will be done to officially emphasize the entente between the French and Russian governments.

The bakers' strike has collapsed. Trainmen last evening resolved to strike, and this morning tried to prevent the cars from running. After several strikers were arrested for trying to stop cars, they retired and traffic was for the rest of the day unimpeded. Many of the strikers are already succumbing.

Ex-Empress Eugenie makes it a condition of her granting an annuity to Prince Victor and also of her request to him of her whole fortune, estimated at over a \$1,000,000 that he rupture his liaison now of several years' duration. The ex-empress insists that the prince must abandon his mistress and effect a marriage with a member of some reigning family.

Auguste Moreau, in an article in the coming number of the Revue Des Deux Mondes, will say: "The McKinley tariff, which was to shut against European manufacturers their American market, has so far done harm only as it affects consumers. The discent of Europe is quite out of place, coming as it does from states which are either protectionists themselves or inclined to protection." Moreau proceeds to advocate an abrogation of the French decree against American pork, and commends the United States minister's efforts to obtain a revinding of the measure. He also praises Secretary Rusk's action in the matter and his regulations for the inspection of meat.

Mrs. McKee and Mrs. Russell Harrison were present at Madame Carnot's garden party at Palace de Elysee. Reid, American minister, presented them to the president and wife. Reid also presented Thomas B. Reed, ex-speaker of the American house of representatives, and A. S. Hewitt, ex-mayor of New York. The party was the event of the season, 2,000 invitations having been issued.

Consul General King learns from leading champagne houses that the prices will be higher this autumn, owing to the threatened scarcity of vintage.

MOONSHINERS CAPTURED.

The Leader of the Notorious Mullins Gang Under Arrest.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 28.—Harbo Mullins, leader of the notorious Mullins gang of moonshiners, who have been making whisky and committing murders and other crimes in McDowell county for several years has been arrested together with Pile Cooper, one of the gang. The capture was made by Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Keatt, who took a posse of men with the determination of breaking up the gang. He took warning from the fate of the other offenders, and instead of an open attack, made a still hunt and hid in the woods for several days, being at last rewarded by ambushing Harbo Mullins and Cooper. Mullins attempted to shoot, but was knocked down with a rifle and handcuffed. Cooper surrendered. They will be taken to Parkersburg before the United States court tomorrow, after which an attempt will be made to capture the remainder of the gang, numbering about 25.

The American Wins.

BERLIN, June 28.—In the Greco-Roman contest here today, Tom Cannon, the American wrestler, easily vanquished the German, Rinow. The struggle lasted only five minutes, to the great chagrin of all the Germans present. Cristol, the French athlete, proved a tougher opponent, but after an exciting struggle of 13 minutes, Cannon was again victorious. Cannon maintains he was not defeated by Abs, who, he says, merely remains on the defensive. He issued a challenge for another trial, but it is unlikely Abs will respond.

A Warning to Americans.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The Chilean legation today received the following telegram: SANTIAGO, June 28.—The chief of Chilean insurgents and ex-captain of the Chilean navy, George Montt, have notified the American admiral at Iquique that crews of American vessels ought not go on shore as they would run the risk of being assaulted by revolutionary mobs.

Forced to Resign.

PARIS, June 28.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says a bloodless revolution has taken place in the province of Santiago, and Senator Delestero, president, has been arrested and forced to sign his resignation.